

Recognize the scammail



The shortest

Security Awareness Training



Don't be naive about Cybersecurity

7 red flags

1. Is the email WEIRD in any way?
2. Is it about money or about something of value?
3. Does it leverage fear, habit or greed?
4. Is it from a bank, authority or large company?
5. Does it have a (dangerous) link?
6. Does it have a (dangerous) attachment?
7. Why do I get this email?

- **Authority** (the CEO, the police, bailiff, collection agency)
- **Large company** (Amazon, Telco, Microsoft, Office365)

- **Money / value** (Euro, bitcoin, giftcard, phonecard)
- **Fear** (Invoice, invoice reminder, fine)

NEVER use the login link and never just open the attachment
If in doubt, DO NOT click and just DELETE

Is the address of the sender 100% correct:

- Is there nothing added or changed with the email address (letter or word)
(1-> l or m -> rn)

Recognize the scam link in the e-mail:

- **Hover** (place your mouse over the link without clicking). Then you will see the actual web address of the link appear.
- **Take a good look at the sender address.** Especially at the address between <>. If you don't see it, forward the mail (don't send) and look at the **From** line in the text.



Distrust EVERY bank account number change request:

- Any email request for change of the bank account of an invoice or for salary payment is suspicious. Different fonts on an email invoice and stickers on a paper invoice is also suspect.

1. **Always call the company or person if you get a change request.**
Do not change until you have spoken to the right person.



Even more Security tips

5 password tips that reduce the chance of a hack by 99%:

- Never log in via a link in an email.
- Use multifactor authentication where possible.
- Always use a strong password
- Use a different password everywhere.
- Use a password manager to manage all passwords.

5 PC security tips for your home situation to think about:

- Always use a good anti-virus / anti-malware program.
- Update the PC and your applications regularly.
- Never download & install cracked software or freeware from an unknown site.
- Backup all files regularly. Disconnect backup afterwards from the PC.
- Never leave a laptop in your car, not even if on standby or powered off. Thieves can still detect them.

Also consider this:

- Be careful with free wifi. You never know who's watching. Never log into your email or bank account there. At least use a private VPN.
- Make regular backups of the photos on your phone. Those memories are irreplaceable.

Security wisdom:

- If it is too good to be true, it probably is.
- Never believe a pityful or unlikely story. Do a check.
- Banks do not ask your login, to send them your bankcard or to transfer your money to a vault account because of fraud.
- Your customer does not suddenly have a new bank account number because they have problems with their old bank account.
- Your children / partner / friends do not have a new mobile number and just then ask you via Whatsapp to pay some bills.

If in doubt, delete or check

Better safe than sorry